

Soaring Avionics For Idiots/Dummies "Made Easier"



Soaring Electronics

To Be Covered

- Global Positioning System (GPS)
- Flight Recorders
- Flight Computers
- Personal Digital Assistants (PDA)
- Communications Wiring
- Power Wiring

What's in your cockpit?

ASI
Altimeter
Compass
Vario

...just the “basics”?

...a flight “recorder” only?

...a flight “computer”?

...GPS navigation?

What's in your cockpit?

...just the “basics”?

...a flight “recorder”

...a flight “computer”

...electronic navigation

To Be Covered

What is needed for Badge & Contest Flying?

Required

- Declaration before flight
- Flight Types & Proof
 - Altitude – Prove you are flying as high as you claim.
 - Duration – Prove you were flying as long as you claim.
 - Distance – Prove you made the turnpoint(s) you claim.

PROOF!

Requirements

- **Non-Electronic**
 - Task Declaration
 - Official Observer (always)
 - Barograph (altitude, duration)
 - Calibration required every 1 year
 - Camera/Film (distance)
- **Electronic**
 - Task Declaration
 - Official Observer (distance only)
 - Flight Recorder (all categories)
 - Calibration required every 2 years



Electronic Badge & Contest Flying

Required

- Declaration before flight (distance)
- Secure logging of the flight with lat/long and pressure altitude

Optional

- A database of turn points
- Method to track task(s)
- Navigational information (map)
- Soaring information

The Basic Parts

Flight Computer

Display Info

GPS
Receiver

Flight
Recorder
("Log" File)

Flight Recorder System

Information
Transfer

Data To/From

Computer



Badge Review
& Contest Scoring

Cables or Cards

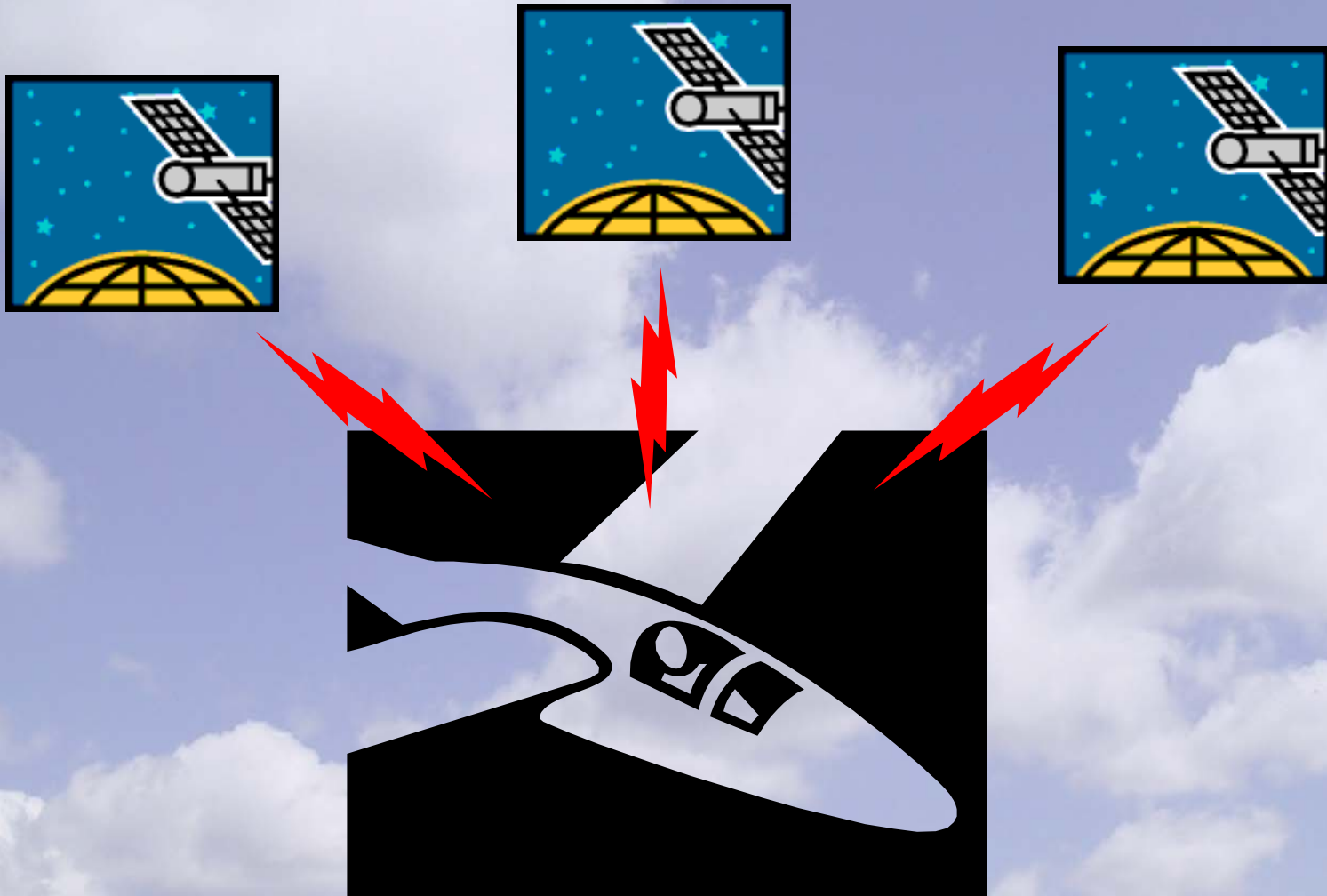
Power & Communications

The Basic Steps



GPS
Receiver

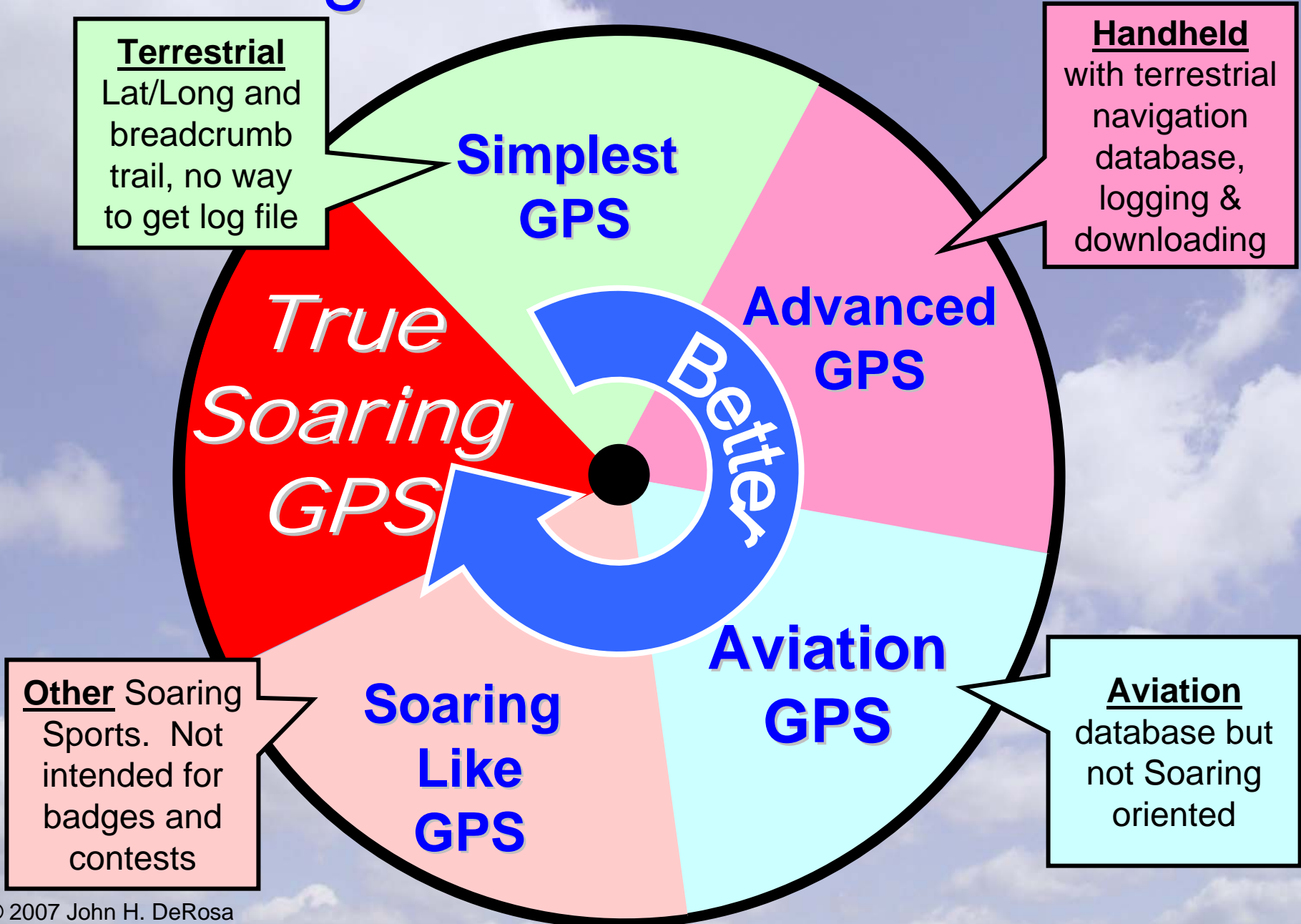
What is GPS?

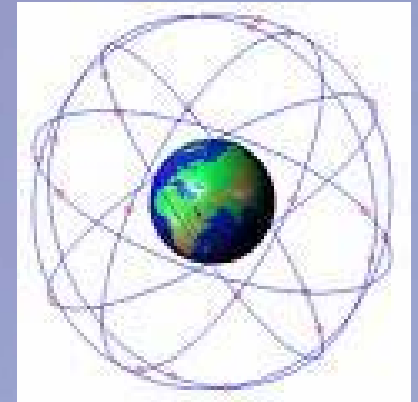


What is GPS?

- Constellation of 24 satellites orbiting at 12,000 miles above the earth sending satellite number and accurate time/date.
- Computer calculates latitude, longitude, speed, altitude from satellite info.
- Accuracy depends on the number of satellites you can “see”.
 - 3 Satellites - 2-D Lat/Long Fix only
 - 4 or more Satellites - 3-D Lat/Long + Altitude Fix*
 - 5-7 Satellites typically seen
 - Best accuracy ~5-15 meters (~16-50 feet)

Categories of GPS Devices





WWW.MAPSCIENCE.CO

- Aviation database, speed and accuracy but not Soaring oriented



Aviation GPS

<http://garmin.com>

* Log file not valid for badge and competition



Non-Soaring

<http://brauniger.com>

<http://digiflyuk.com>



<http://flytec.com>



<http://www.aircotec.ch>

For
Power Parachutes,
Hang Gliders,
Balloons,
Ultralights,
Parafoils



*Some
systems
have FAI
logging**

* Log file not valid for badge and competition unless FAI certified

Positional Information



- Global Positioning System (GPS) receivers can be found in;
 - Standalone Devices
 - Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs)
 - Soaring Flight Devices
 - Flight Recorders
 - Flight Computers



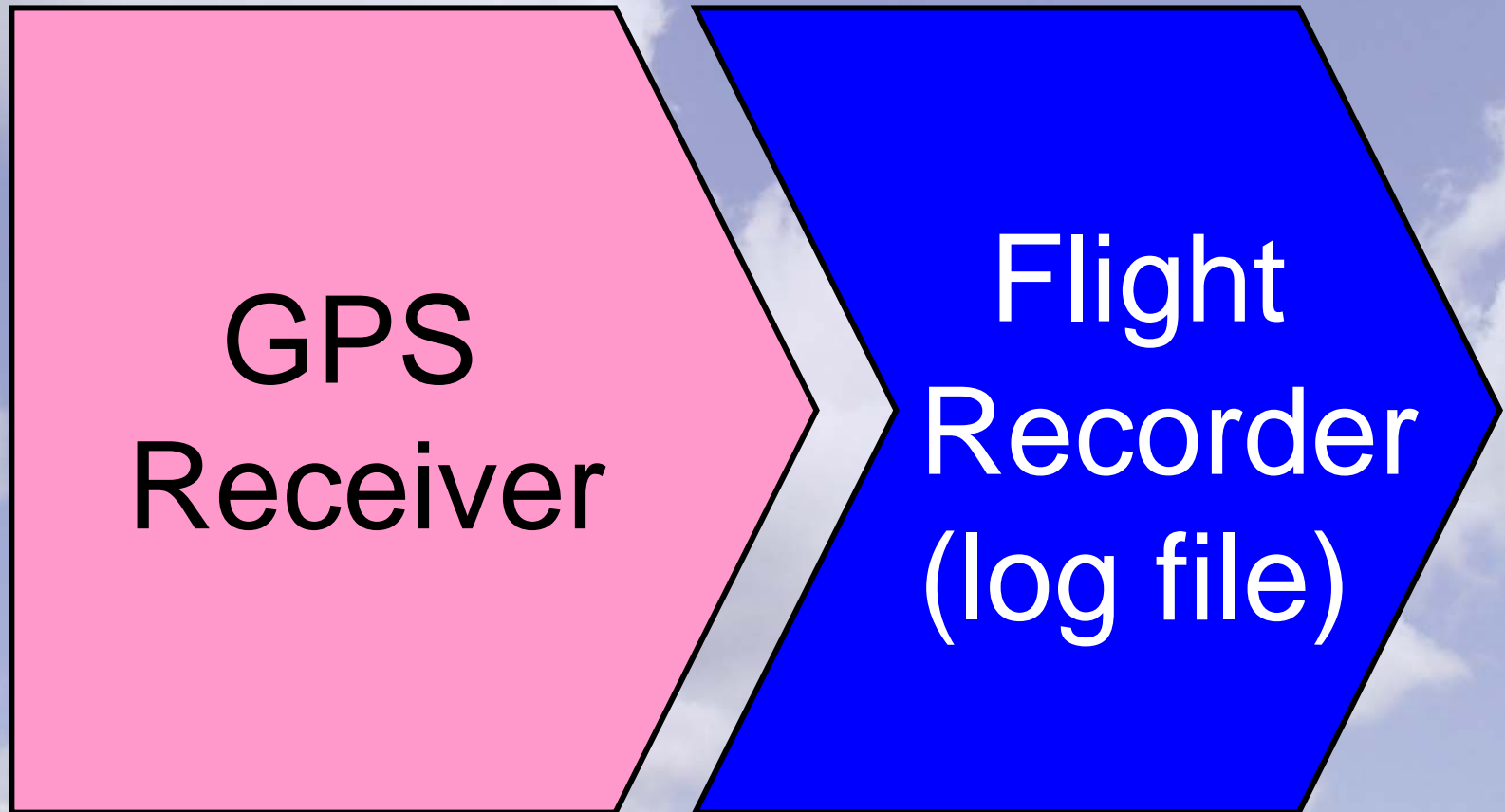
Global Positioning Systems (GPS)

Soaring Devices

- Soaring Flight Recorders - GPS
- Soaring Flight Computers - GPS plus display for navigation & soaring
- **FAI Certified log files**

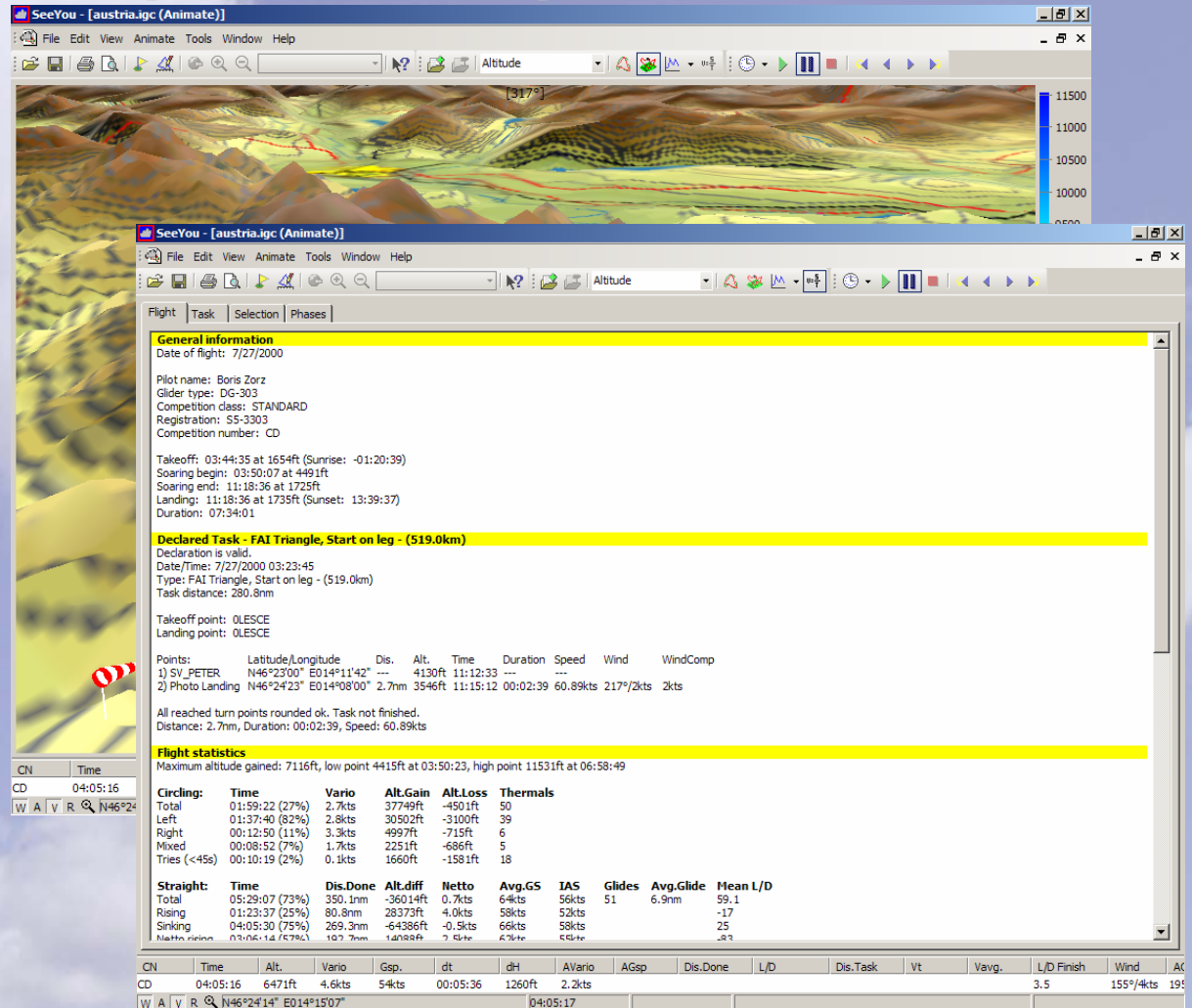


Soaring Flight Recorders



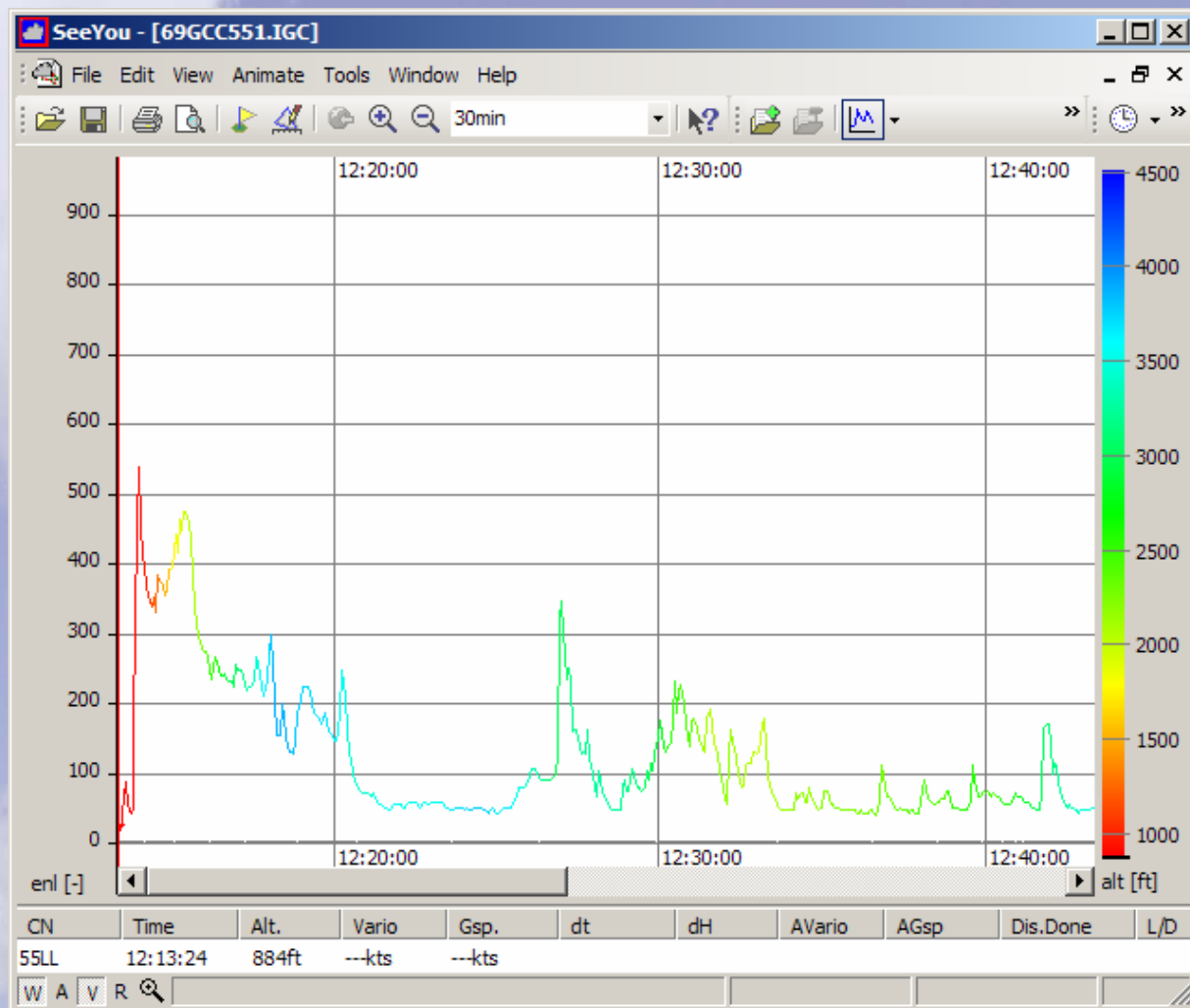
Flight Logs

- Proof for Records & Contests
- Analysis of Flights



Motorglider Engine Noise

- Proof that engine was not used
- Only available on some recorders



Feature not available or optional on all recorders

Flight Logs Types

- **Unofficial** flight logs
 - Any GPS Device that can log
 - Non-secure data files
 - May be used in some regional contests. Ask first!
 - Cannot be used for SSA/FAI badges & records
- **Official** flight logs
 - Secure IGC (GPS) Files
 - Devices must be approved by FAI for sanctioned events



Standalone Flight Recorders



A standalone recorder only needs;

- 1) Power (Internal or External)
- 2) GPS Antenna
- 3) Secure Mounting

PDA + GPS



- Soaring oriented
- Very portable
- Aviation database
- Log file not legal for badge and most competitions
- Specialized Software
- Easily moved between gliders

* Log file not valid for badge and competition

Calibration

- Flight Recorders

pressure altitude sensor
must be calibrated by a
certified technician
every 24 months for
badges and records or
4 weeks after flight
(non-records)



Cambridge 302A

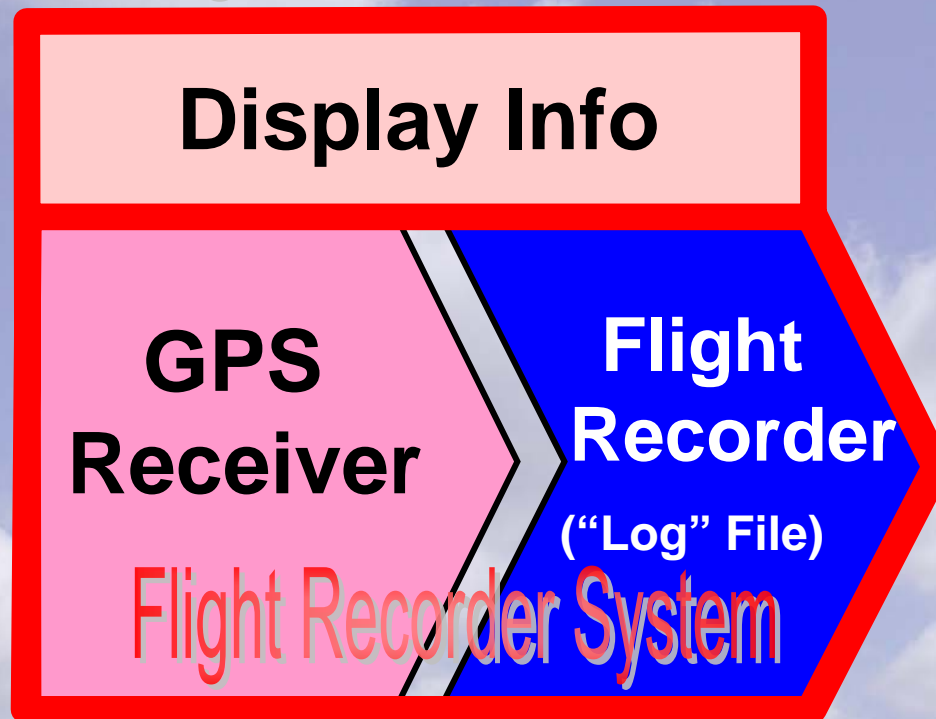


Cambridge 302

Barographs must be calibrated
every 12 months

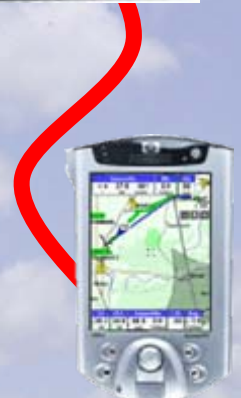
Soaring Flight Computers

Flight Computer



Flight Recorders vs. Computers

- **Flight Recorders** receive GPS information and record (log) your flight for later download
- **Flight Computers** flight recorder + display of other function (i.e. GPS, variometer, altitude, speed to fly, final glide, tasks, turnpoints, etc)
- **Both** device types often can send GPS information to other devices (e.g. PDA)



PDA Based GPS Systems

- Hewlett-Packard IPaq is the “standard” PDA for soaring
- Specialized software
 - Free or for Pay
 - Tasks, thermal and final glide info
 - Moving Map display
- No external static, total energy or air speed inputs
- No variometer information
- **No or Unofficial log file**
- Uses GPS information
 - Calculate position, thermal history, final glide, winds aloft, etc



General
Purpose
GPS*



Standalone Flight Computers



Official FAI Log Files

A standalone computer only needs;

- 1) Power (Internal or External)
- 2) GPS Antenna (clear view of sky)
- 3) Secure Mounting and...
- 4) **Must be able to see it!**

Flight Computer Systems

GPS & Flight Recorder Only



Flight Computer Systems

GPS & Flight Recorder Only



Flight Computer Systems

GPS & Flight Recorder Only



Cable



Display



Flight Computer Systems

Flight Computer/GPS/Variometer



Cable



Text navigation display
Task Input



Flight Computer Systems

Flight Computer/GPS/Variometer



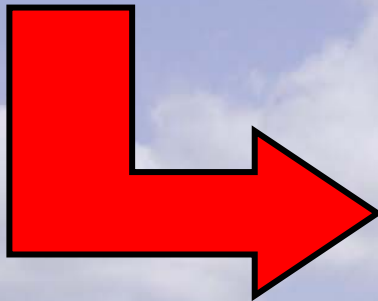
Cable



Text navigation display
Task Input



Cable



Repeater for Rear Seat

PDA Based Systems

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
Moving Map Display

GPS & Flight Recorder Only



Cable



PDA Based Systems

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
Moving Map Display

Flight Recorder/GPS/Variometer



Cable



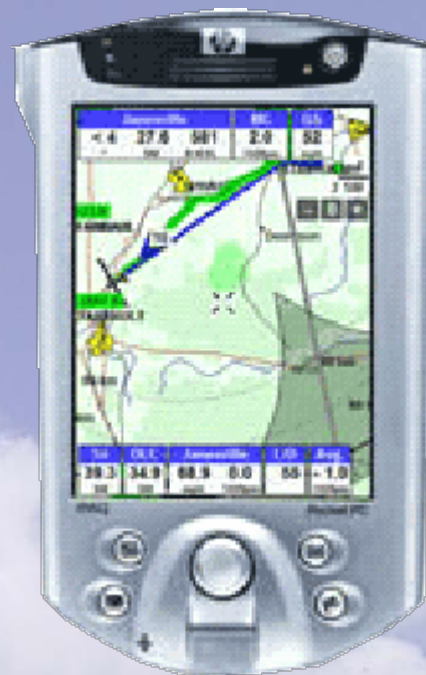
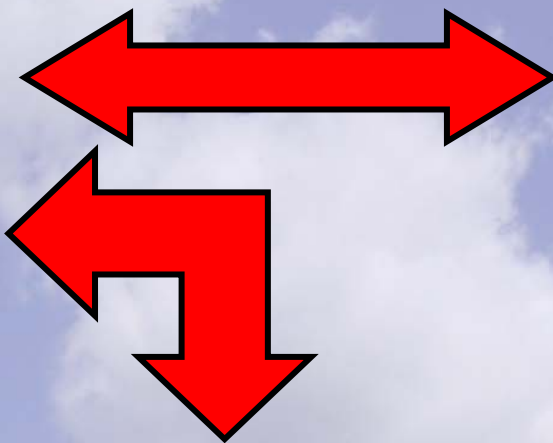
PDA Based Systems

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
Moving Map Display

Flight Recorder/GPS/Variometer



Cables



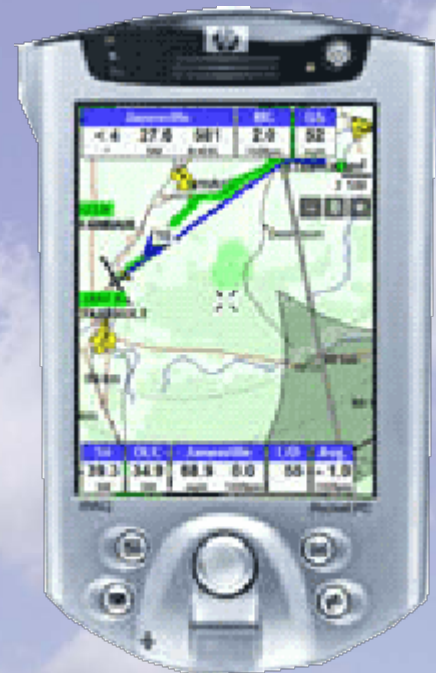
Advantage!
Two Task Displays!

Flight Computer Systems

Single piece GPS, flight recorder and text navigational display



Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
Moving Map Display



Cable



Flight Computer Systems

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
Moving Map Display



Cable



Needs external power

Flight Computer Systems

GPS & Flight Recorder Only



**Advantage!
Two Task Displays!**

Single flight computer
and graphical navigational
display

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
Moving Map Display



Cable



Cable

Contains a recorder but not IGC approved

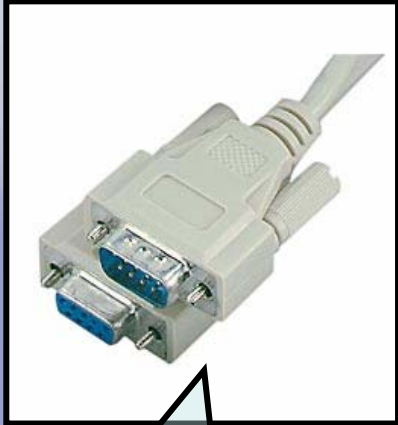
Flight Computer Systems



The background of the slide is a photograph of a bright blue sky filled with fluffy white clouds. The clouds are scattered across the frame, with some larger ones in the upper left and lower right, and smaller ones in the center.

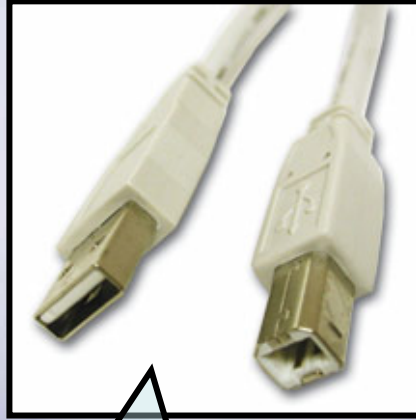
Connections Power & Communications

Connector Types (Power, Communications)

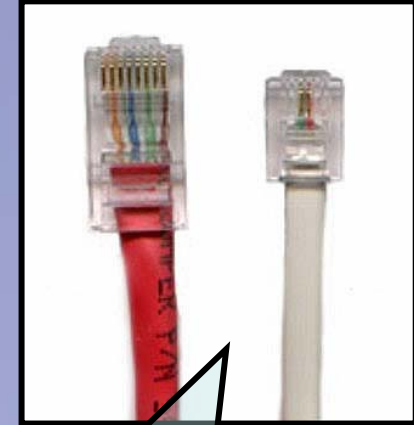


“DB”

DB-9 (9 pins)
DB-12 (12 pins)



Universal Serial
Bus “USB”
Always 4 pins



“RJ”

“Telephone”
RJ-11 (4 pins)
RJ-45 (8 pins)

**Those Pesky
“Proprietary” Connectors!**

Serial Communications

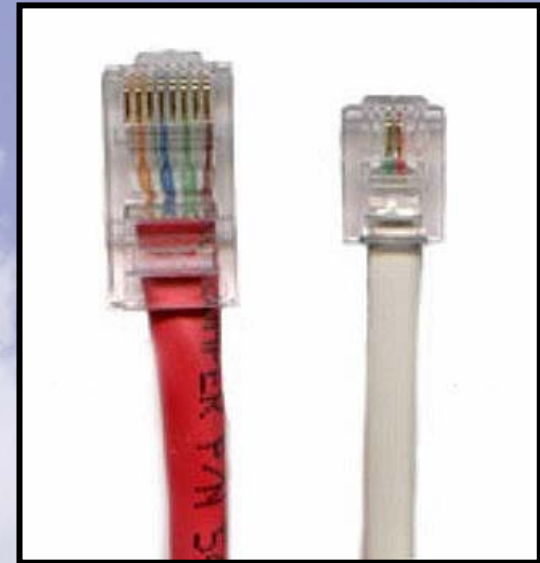


DB-9 Connector

Serial Communications



**“RJ”
Connector**



**RJ-45 & RJ-11
Connectors**

Serial Communications

**USB
Connector**



**USB
Connectors**

Serial Communications

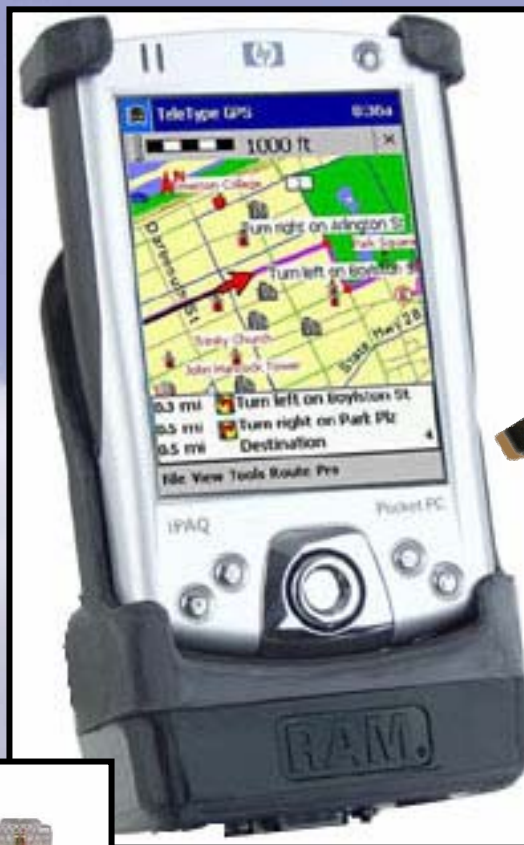
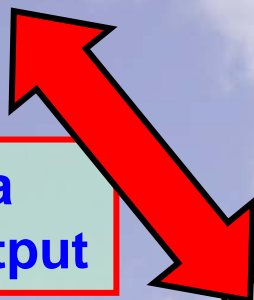


**Proprietary
Connector**

PDA Based Systems



**GPS Data
+ Power Output**



Cradle

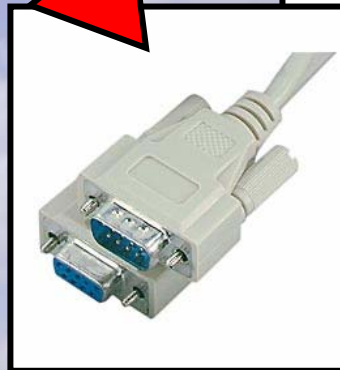


**Mounting
Arms**

PDA Based Systems



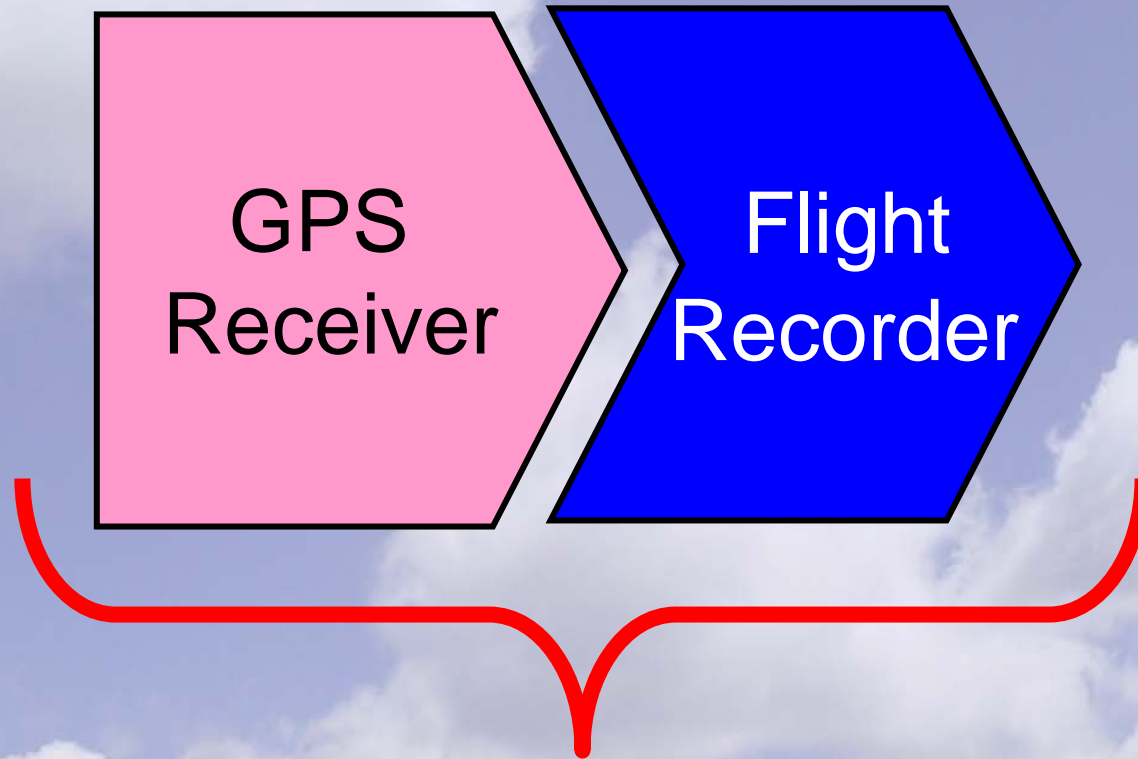
Pilot Info
Glider Info
Turn Point Info
Task Info
GPS Data - Log Files
Power Output



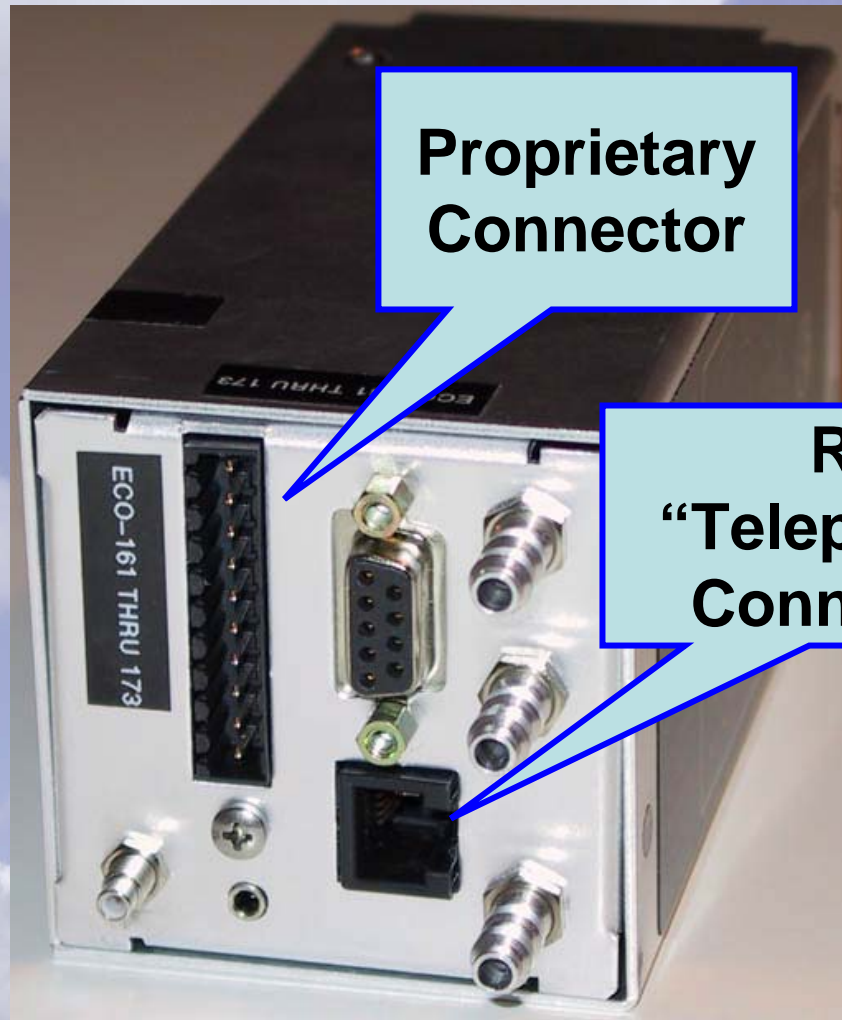
Cradle

**Mounting
Arms**

The Basic Steps



Power System's Connectors

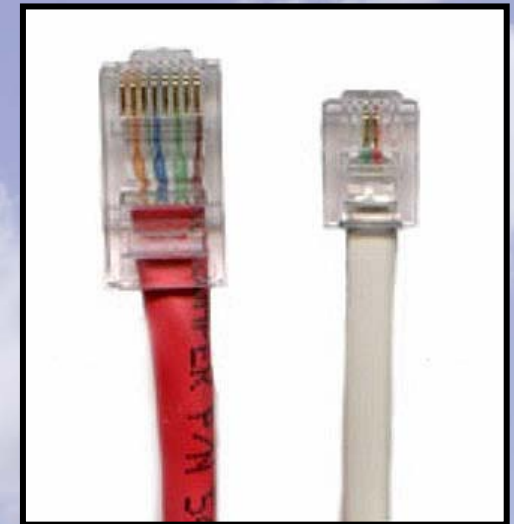


**Proprietary
Connector**

**RJ
"Telephone"
Connector**

**Power Input
to Device**

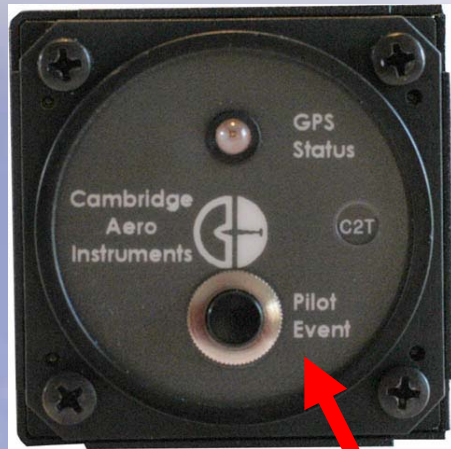
RJ-45 RJ-11



Power Requirements

- Most Devices use 12Vdc
GPS, Recorders, Computers,
Avionics, etc
- ***BUT ... PDA's
require 5vdc!***
- What to do?

Power Systems



Display



**12Vdc
Ship's
Battery**

Some Devices Can Supply 5vdc

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
Moving Map Display



12Vdc
Ship's
Battery



Provides 5Vdc



Some Devices Can Supply 5vdc

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
Moving Map Display



Provides 5Vdc



**12Vdc
Ship's
Battery**



PDA Based Power Systems

Power Converter



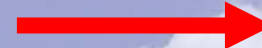
5vdc



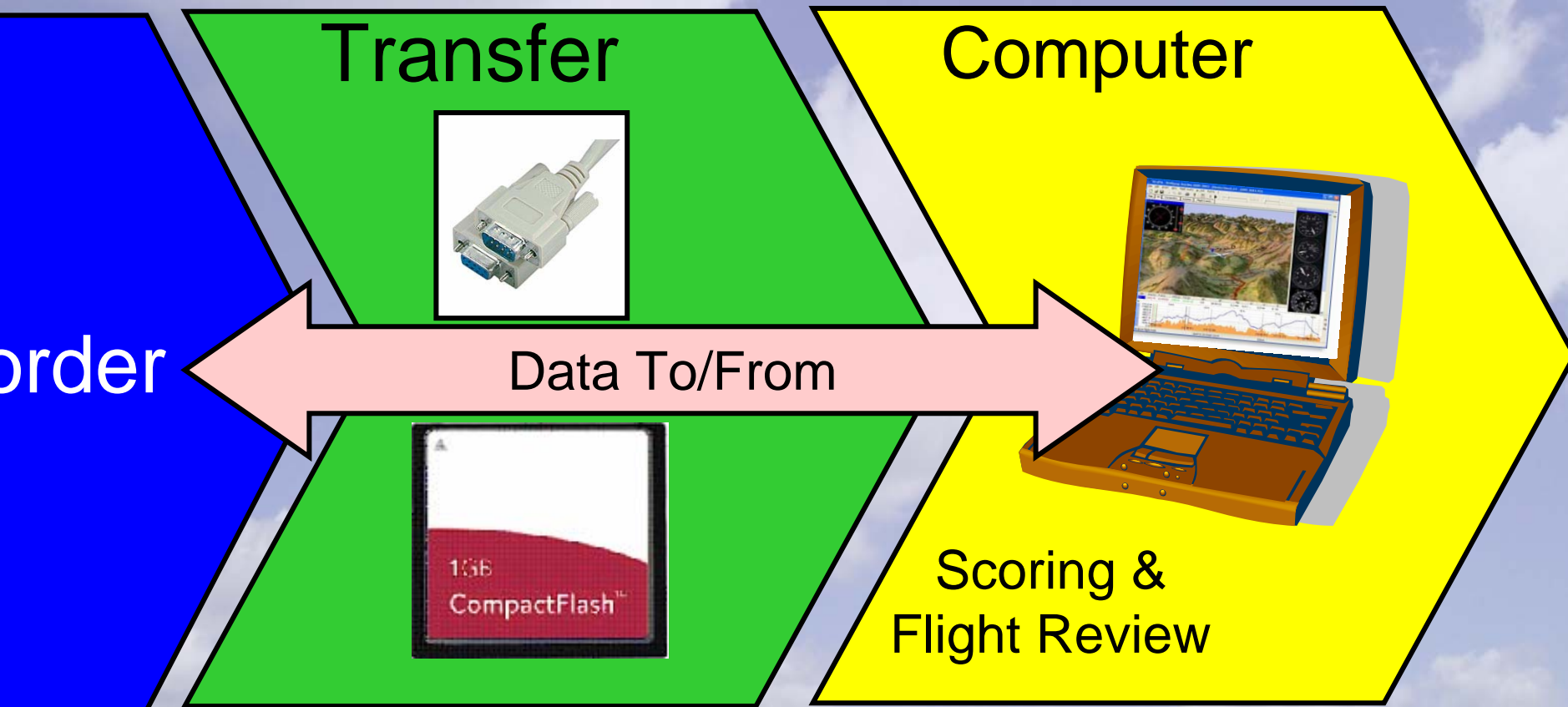
12Vdc
Ship's
Battery



12vdc



Steps Before & After the Flight



What Kind of Data?

Turnpoints → Recorder

SUA → Recorder

Pilot/Glider Info → Recorder

Tasks → Recorder

Recorder → **IGC Flight Logs**

for review, scorer/badges

What Kind of Files/Data?



- 1) Soaring Application (i.e. Stre-Pla, Win Pilot, etc)
- 2) Turnpoint Database (from turnpoint exchange web site) – Lat/Long of airports, runway, frequency, etc.

Turnpoint File Example

** ***** Starting Control Points *****

2, 41:46:19N,088:28:32W,712F,TA,Aurora,09/27 20.6

Turnpoint
Number

Lat/Long

TA
Designates
this is a
"Turn Area"

Runway (if
any)

Turnpoint
Name

Frequency
(i.e. 120.6 Mhz)

3,42:02:14N,089:23:34W,929F,TA,Barnett,09/27 22.9

4,42:00:52N,088:58:03W,817F,TA,_Beloit,07/25 22.7

5,42:37:41N,088:39:11W,951F,TA,_BigFoot,09/27 22.9

6,41:46:19N,088:54:41W,712F,TA,Bloomington,09/27 20.6

7,41:45:19N,088:54:41W,712F,TA,Bloomington,09/27 20.6

8,42:35:30N,089:22:34W,929F,TA,Barnett,03/21 22.9

9,41:31:00N,088:16:00W,580F,TA,Barnett,N/S 18.0

10,42:32:00N,088:09:30W,755F,TA,Camp Lake,18/36 22.9

11,42:08:55N,088:33:35W,860F,TA,CasaDeAerPrk,09/27 30A

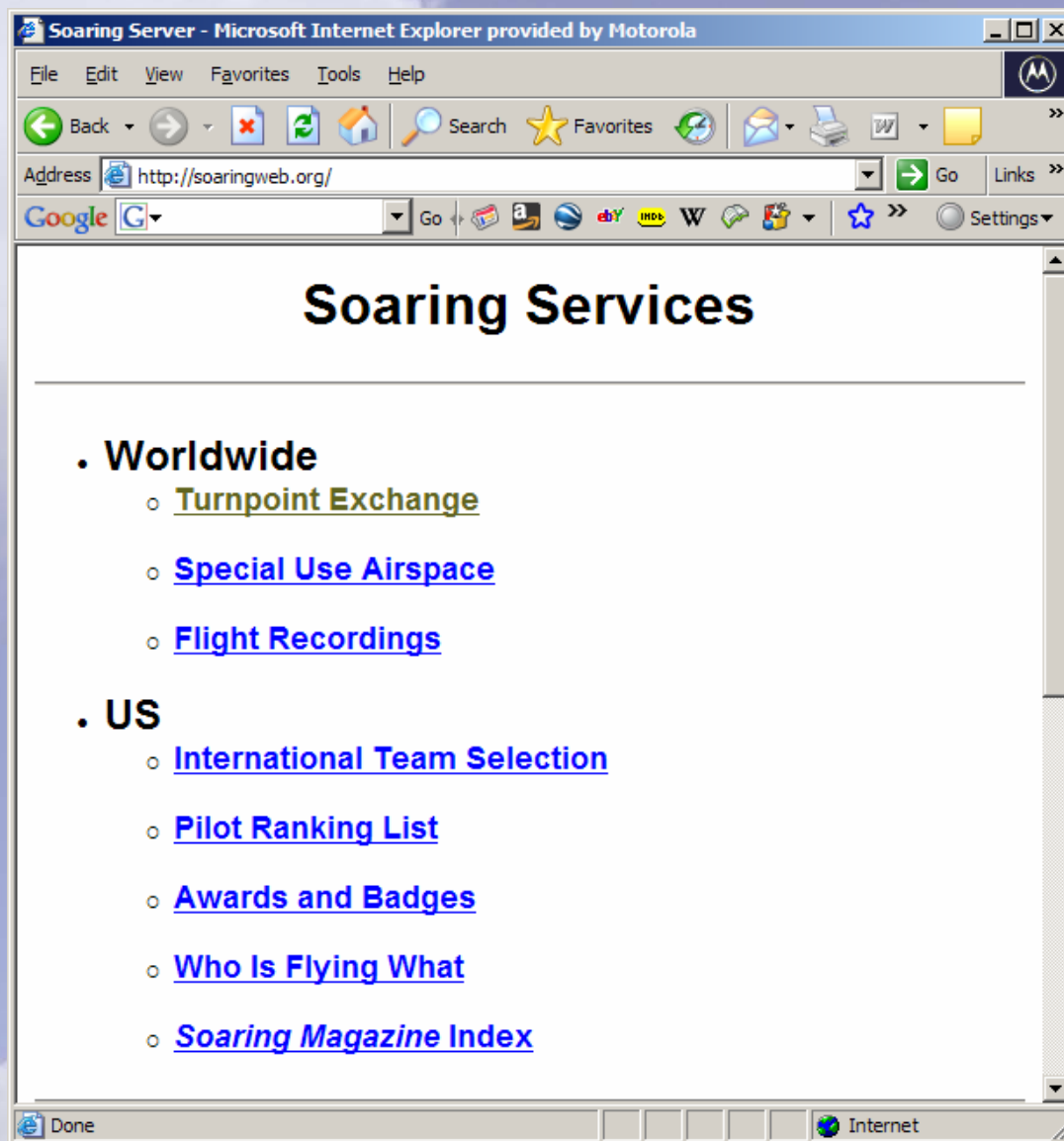
12,41:25:55N,088:33:35W,860F,TA,CasaDeAerPrk,09/27 30T

13,41:49:52N,088:33:35W,860F,TA,CasaDeAerPrk,09/27 22.8

14,41:31:10N,088:36:20W,640F,TA,CushingField,18/36 22.7

15,42:24:15N,088:38:00W,913F,TA,_Dacy,09/27 22.9

<http://soaringweb.org>



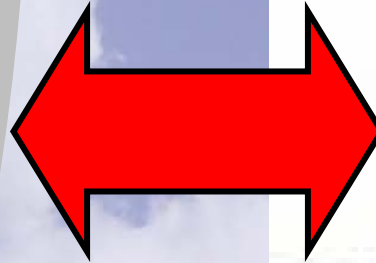
<http://soaringweb.org/TP>

What Kind of Files/Data?



- 1) Soaring Application (i.e. Stre-Pla, Win Pilot, etc)
- 2) Turnpoint Database (from turnpoint exchange web site) – Lat/Long of airports, runway, frequency, etc.
- 3) Special Use Airspace Database (SUA)
- 4) Pilot & Glider Config
- 5) Tasks Config

How to Transfer?



- Computer to/from PDA using included synchronization software
- Generally via simple “Drag & Drop”
- Read the PDA Manual!

Flight Log Retrieval

- How to get the flight log from the flight recorder to your computer or to Scorer?

- 1. Hand entire flight recorder to the scorer*
- 2. Cable flight recorder directly to your computer & use removable media*
- 3. Transfer log file to PDA, synchronize to PC & use removable media*
- 4. Transfer to PDA & then use removable media*

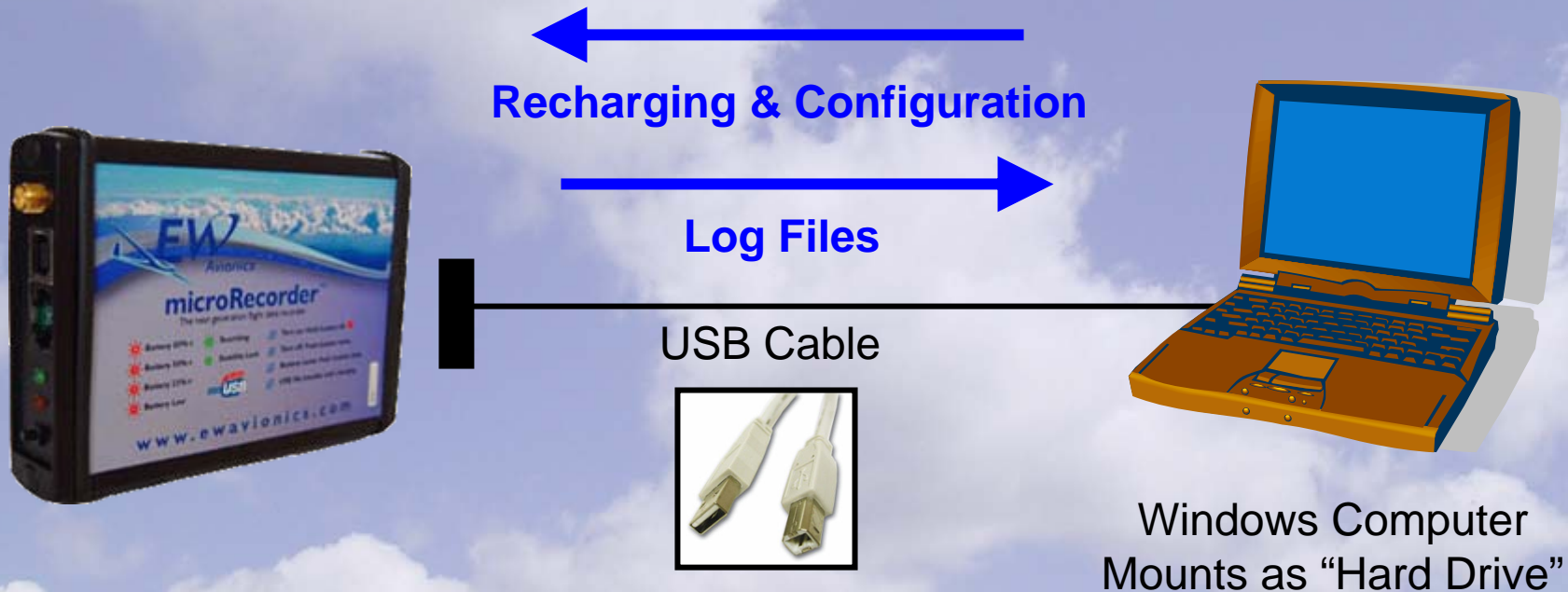
Transfer of Data

**Problem: How to
do without
removing from
instrument
panel?**



Specialized Software
Specific to Recorder

Transfer of Data Remove from Glider



Transfer of Data

Specialized Software
Specific to PDA



Log
Files

Info

Log Files

Serial Cable

Pilot & Glider Info
Turnpoint Info
Task Info
Special Use Airspace

Soaring Software

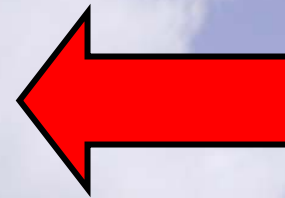


Transfer of Data



Transfer of Data to Floppy or CD

**Read Log File with
Standard Software**



Floppy or CD
Hand to Scorer
Mail to SSA Badge Official

Transfer of Data



Log Files

Serial Cable

Pilot & Glider Info
Turnpoint Info
Task Info
Special Use Airspace



Soaring Software

Transfer of Data



Thumb Drive

Secure Digital

Compact Flash



Transfer of Data to Memory Card

SF – Compact Flash



Transfer Log File



SD – Secure Digital

**Read Log File with
Standard Software**



**Hand Card to Scorer
Mail to SSA Badge Official**



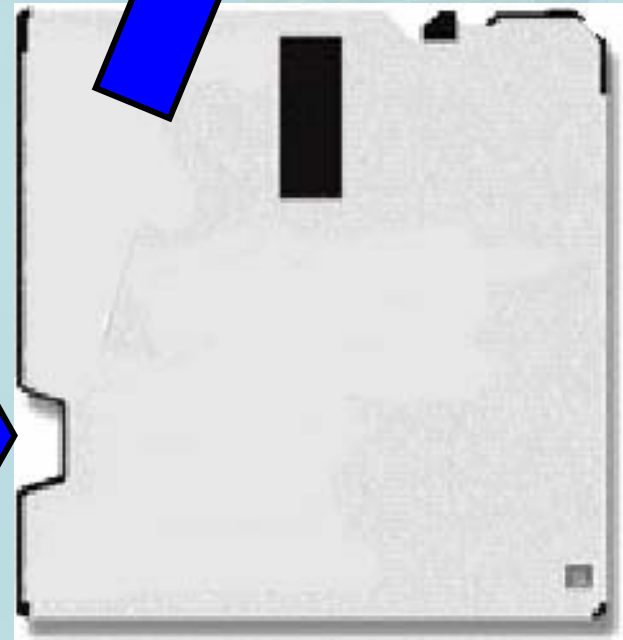
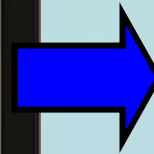
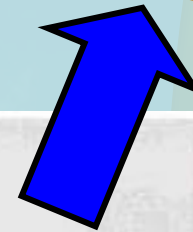
Transfer via Removable

PCMCIA “PC” Slot Removable Media Reader



Transfer via Removable

Floppy Disk Removable Media Reader



Transfer via Removable

USB Removable Media Reader

Recommended



1GB
SD Card™



Windows XP
Macintosh 10.x

SD or CF – Which to Use?

- Secure Digital (SD)
 - Prone to spontaneous ejection from PDA



- Compact Flash (CF)
 - More robust
 - Less expensive
 - More physically secure

Recommended

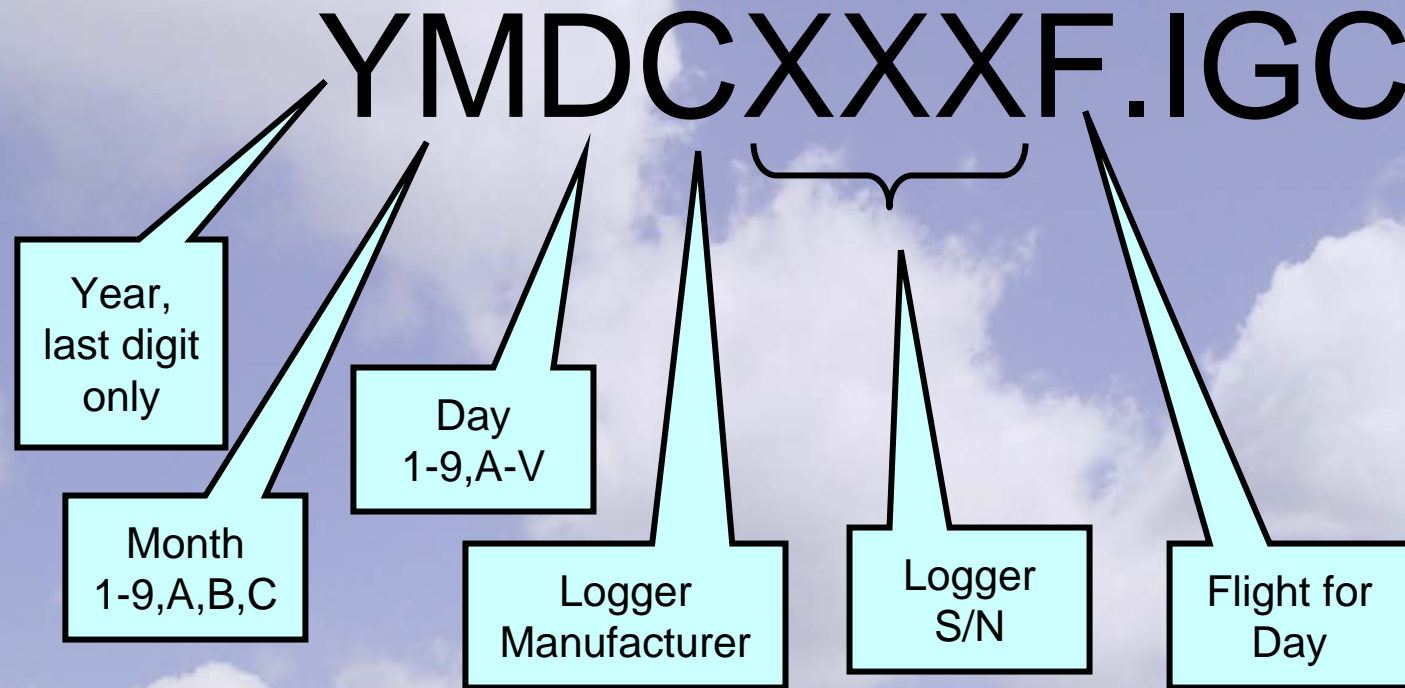


IGC File Naming

5AGC3WK1.IGC

Clear as Mud

IGC File Naming



Numbering Breakdown

Month of year

1 = January
2 = February
3 = March
4 = April
5 = May
6 = June
7 = July
8 = August
9 = September
A = October
B = November
C = December

Manufacturer of Data logger

A = Garrecht
C = Cambridge
E = EW Avionics
F = Filser
L = LX Navigation
S = Streamline data instruments
W = Westerboer
X = All other manufacturers

Day of Month

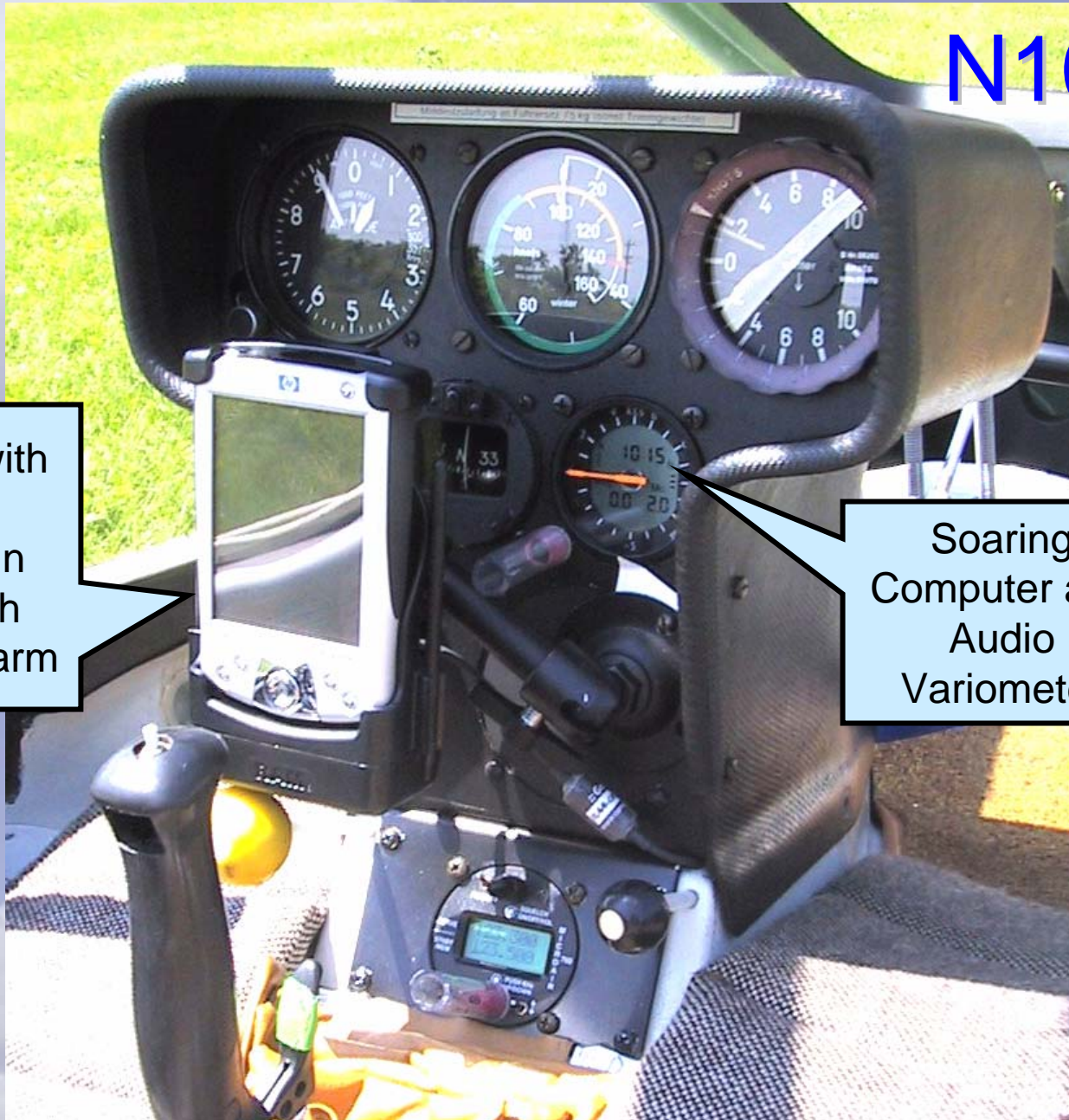
1 = 1
2 = 2
3 = 3
4 = 4
5 = 5
6 = 6
7 = 7
8 = 8
9 = 9
A = 10
B = 11
C = 12
D = 13
E = 14
F = 15
G = 16
H = 17
I = 18
J = 19
K = 20
L = 21
M = 22
N = 23

Full technical specs for the IGC files can be found at:
http://www.fai.org/gliding/gnss/tech_spec_gnss.pdf

N101RP

HP IPAQ with
Soaring
Software in
cradle with
articulated arm

Soaring
Computer and
Audio
Variometer



The End Questions?

Reminder: Next Hour's Session on Avionics Wiring

ChicagoLand Glider Council

2007 Spring Seminar

Saturday, Feb 24, 2007



Speakers

Dean Carswell
John Cochran
Curt Lewis
John Good
Derek Piggott
Karl Striedieck



Registration Forms Available at Front of Room
See <http://chicagolandglidercouncil.com> for details